



# Canadian Addressing Guide

**C**anada Post's computerized systems can decipher a wide range of addressing styles -- from handwritten notation to typed and printed labels, but studies show that a consistent approach to mail addressing leads to more efficient handling. For our customers, large and small, this translates into better service and lower costs. Consistent and accurate addressing eliminates the need for extra handling, and/or redelivery by Canada Post. Standardized addressing ensures that mail is consistently "delivered on time, the first time, every time."

*The Canadian Addressing Guide* promotes the most technologically efficient formats for addressing, however it does not limit mailers to any one format. In some cases, because of individual preference or other considerations, mailers may not be able to follow the formats that this Guide presents.

Canada Post encourages all mailers to respect the wishes of customers in matters of format. *The Canadian Addressing Guide* has taken care to accommodate the requirements of the English and French languages by recognizing and accepting the use of upper and lower case characters, including accents, as well as the full spelling of and punctuation between addressing elements.

For more technical information on the physical characteristics necessary for effective processing by Canada Post's automated systems, see the *Canada Postal Standards Manual*, which may be acquired through a Canada Post Sales Representative.



# General Information

- Addresses should be upper case; however, mailers may wish to use lower case due to individual preference or other considerations.
- All lines of an address should be formatted with a uniform left margin.
- Punctuation should not be used unless it is part of a proper name, (ST. JOHN'S). However, mailers may wish to use punctuation due to individual preference or other considerations.
- Accents are considered to be an integral part of language and are not considered to be punctuation.
- Return addresses should be formatted in the same fashion as the destination address, and located in the top-left corner of the mail piece, clearly separated from the destination address, or on the back of the mail piece at the top.
- Postal codes must be printed in upper case with the first three elements separated from the last three by one space (no hyphens).
- The # symbol or the French equivalent, n<sup>o</sup>, must never be used as part of the address.
- Non-proportional fonts (characters which occupy the same width) only should be used (ex.: OCR B, Letter Gothic, Elite, Lotus Line-Draw, MS Line Draw, Courier, Courier New, Pica, Copy Pica).
- Addresses must be less than 40 characters per line, including spaces.
- All characters must be larger than 2mm and smaller than 5mm from the top to bottom (10 to 12 point). Return addresses may use smaller characters and must not be larger than the destination address.
- The municipality, province and postal code should always appear on the same line.
- Space between address lines must be at least 0.5mm but no more than one blank line between lines of addressing.
- Characters in the address block must not be underlined.



# Civic Addresses (Street Address)

When a *Civic Number Suffix* is present, there is no space when it is alpha (140A), and there is one space when it is a fraction (123 1/2).

The *Street Name* is the official name recognized by each municipality and cannot be translated. (Ex.: Main is not Principale.)

There is no space between a numerical street name with an ordinal, or an alphanumeric character. (Ex.: 2ND ST 36A ST)

When the street name is numeric, there is only a space (no hyphen) between the civic number and the street name. (Ex.: 123 22ND AVE)

The *Street Type* is provided by the municipality. Common abbreviations should be used. See “Street Types” for a complete list. In some instances, the street type is also the street name (THE PARKWAY).

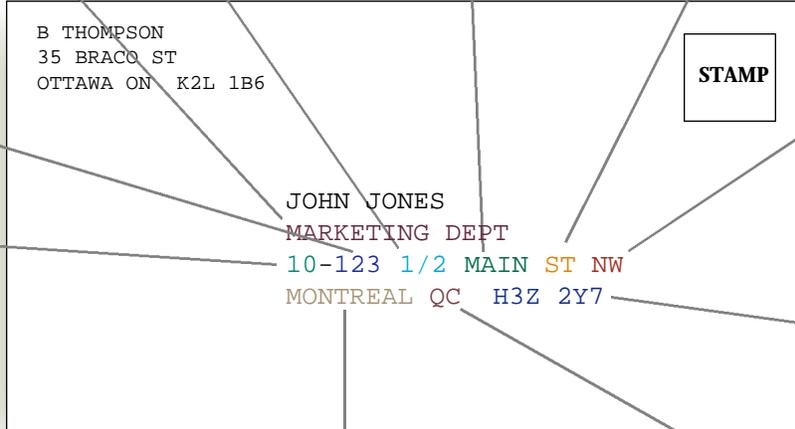
The only street types that may be translated are:

ST = RUE  
AVE = AV  
BLVD = BOUL

*Additional Delivery Information* is optional data that a mailer wishes to include, i.e. Attention line, title, floor, etc. It is always placed above the civic address.

A French street type is placed before the street name, unless it is ordinal (1<sup>re</sup>, 2<sup>e</sup>) or cardinal (PREMIÈRE, DEUXIÈME).

The *Civic Number* is the official number assigned to an address by the municipality.



The *Street Direction* uses the common one- or two-letter abbreviation. See “Street Directions” for a complete list.

A *Unit Number* is placed before the civic number with a hyphen between, OR after the street type, using an acceptable unit identifier (ex. APT 10). See “Unit Designators” for a list.

The *Postal Code* must be in upper case and placed two spaces to the right of the province with one space between the first three and last three characters.

The unit information may be placed on the line above the street information if space is an issue.

The official *Municipality* name, as provided to Canada Post, the official abbreviation of the municipality, or an official alternate name, must be used and cannot be translated. (Ex.: TROIS-RIVIÈRES is not THREE RIVERS.)

The *Province* should always be presented using the recognized two-digit symbol. See “Province and Territory Symbols” section for a complete listing. Mailers may wish to have the province written in full and placed in brackets. Ex.: (Québec)

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# Post Office Box Addresses

*Additional Delivery Information* is optional data that a mailer wishes to include, i.e. Attention line, title, floor, municipal address, etc. It is always placed above the post office box address.

*Station Information* must be present to direct mail to the proper postal installation when there is more than one installation within a municipality.  
Station = STN  
Retail Postal Outlet = RPO

The *Post Office Box number* must always be placed on the line just above the municipality, province and postal code.

The # symbol or the French equivalent, *nº*, must not be used. Punctuation should not be used.

B THOMPSON  
35 BRACO ST  
OTTAWA ON K2L 1B6

STAMP

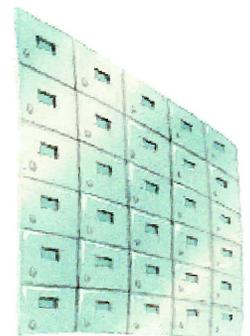
JOHN JONES  
1425 JAMES ST  
PO BOX 4001 STN A  
VICTORIA BC V8X 3X4

The *Postal Code* must be in upper case and placed two spaces to the right of the province with one space between the first three and last three characters.

The official *Municipality* name, as provided to Canada Post, the official abbreviation of the municipality, or an official alternate name, must be used and cannot be translated. (Ex.: TROIS-RIVIÈRES is not THREE RIVERS.)

The *Province* should always be presented using the recognized two-digit symbol. See "Province and Territory Symbols" section for a complete listing. Mailers may wish to have the province written in full and placed in brackets. Ex.: (Québec)

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# Rural Route Addresses

Many *Rural Areas* now have civic addresses. Civic addresses may be added above the Rural Route. \*

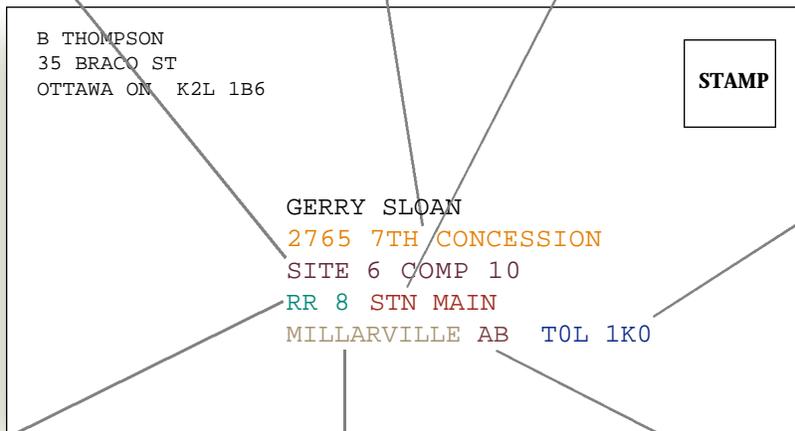
\*In some locations, the *Rural Route (RR)* designator is no longer required.

*Additional Address Information* is often required for delivery. Some examples include: *SITE/COMPARTMENT, LOT/CONCESSION, civic address, attention line, title, floor.*

The word *BOX* should not be used in place of *COMPARTMENT*.

*Station Information* must be present to direct mail to the proper postal installation when there is more than one installation within a municipality.

Station = STN  
Retail Postal Outlet = RPO



The *Postal Code* must be in upper case and placed two spaces to the right of the province with one space between the first three and last three characters.

The *Rural Route* identifier should use the two-character symbol (RR, SS, MR), followed by the number, one space to the right. The # symbol must not be used, nor the French equivalent, n°.

Punctuation should not be used in RR, SS, or MR.

The official *Municipality* name, as provided to Canada Post, the official abbreviation of the municipality, or an official alternate name, must be used and cannot be translated. (Ex.: TROIS-RIVIÈRES is not THREE RIVERS.)

The *Province* should always be presented using the recognized two-digit symbol. See "Province and Territory Symbols" section for a complete listing. Mailers may wish to have the province written in full and placed in brackets. Ex.: (Québec)

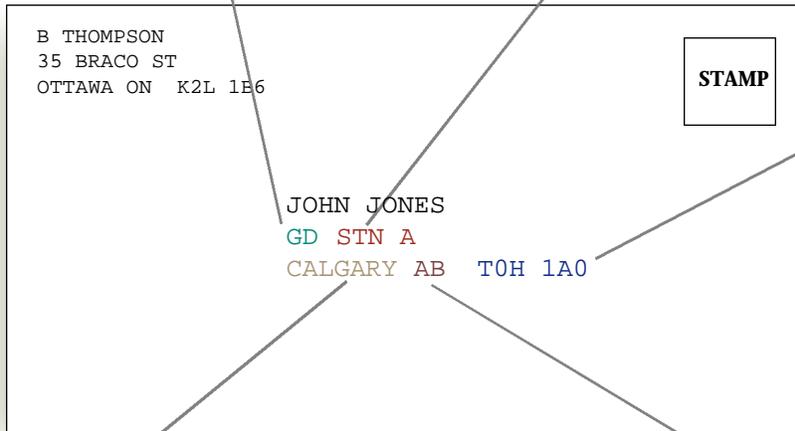
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# General Delivery

The *General Delivery* indicator should be the two-letter abbreviation "GD."  
Punctuation should not be used.

*Station Information* must be present to direct mail to the proper postal installation when there is more than one installation within a municipality.  
Station = STN  
Retail Postal Outlet = RPO



The *Postal Code* must be in upper case and placed two spaces to the right of the province with one space between the first three and last three characters.

The official *Municipality* name, as provided to Canada Post, the official abbreviation of the municipality, or an official alternate name, must be used and cannot be translated. (Ex.: TROIS-RIVIÈRES is not THREE RIVERS.)

The *Province* should always be presented using the recognized two-digit symbol. See "Province and Territory Symbols" section for a complete listing. Mailers may wish to have the province written in full and placed in brackets. Ex.: (Québec)

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# Bilingual Addresses

A *solid black line* must be placed between the two addresses. It must be a minimum of 0.7mm thick.

There must be a *clear space* on each side of the black line. This clear space should be approximately 10mm.

B THOMPSON 35 BRACO ST OTTAWA ON K2L 1B6		STAMP
YOUR BANK PO BOX 9700 STN A TORONTO ON M5W 1R6		VOTRE BANQUE CP 9700 SUCC A TORONTO ON M5W 1R6

Bilingual  
Addresses

**NOTE:** Canada Post encourages all mailers to respect the wishes of customers in matters of format. The **Canadian Addressing Guide** has taken care to accommodate the requirements of the English and French languages by recognizing and accepting the use of upper and lower case characters, including accents, as well as the full spelling of and punctuation between addressing elements.



# Military Addresses

**Military Addressing is defined as mail sent to or by the Department of National Defence, Canadian Forces personnel, their dependants and civilians attached to Canadian Forces served through Canadian Forces Post Offices and Fleet Mail Offices.**

All Military Addresses must include Unit/Section or Rank as well as name and initials of the recipient.

The appropriate *Canadian Forces Post Office Box number* must be entered here.

Punctuation should not be used.

The words "STN Forces" must be present.

If applicable, the address should include the *Operation* or the *Task Force name*.

<p>B THOMPSON 35 BRACO ST OTTAWA ON K2L 1B6</p>	<p>STAMP</p>
<p>RANK/INITIALS/NAME UNIT/SECTION OPERATION OR TASK FORCE NAME (If applicable) PO BOX xxxx STN FORCES BELLEVILLE ON K8N 5W8</p>	

The *Postal Code* must be in upper case and placed two spaces to the right of the province with one space between the first three and last three characters.

The official name of the military collector post office must be used. For mail destined overseas, the Belleville military post office name is to be used.

**NOTE:** Items mailed in Canada to Her Majesty's Ships must be addressed to one of the following:

**PO BOX 99000 STN FORCES  
HALIFAX NS B3K 5X5**

**PO BOX 17000 STN FORCES  
VICTORIA BC V9A 7N2**

The *Province* should always be presented using the recognized two-digit symbol. See "Province and Territory Symbols" section for a complete listing. Mailers may wish to have the province written in full and placed in brackets. Ex.: (Québec)

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# U.S.A. Addresses

Addressing elements required by the U.S. Postal Service should be prepared according to U.S. postal standards.

The *ZIP Code* must be separated from the state symbol by two spaces. It may be either five or nine digits. If the nine-digit format is used, a hyphen will be used to separate the fifth and sixth digits.

The full *Municipality* name should be used and should appear as the first component in the second last line of the address block.

B THOMPSON  
35 BRACO ST  
OTTAWA ON K2L 1B6  
CANADA

STAMP

JOHN JONES  
4417 BROOKS ST NE  
WASHINGTON DC 20019-4649  
USA

The *Country Name* must appear alone on the last line of the address block.

The two-character *State Symbol* is preferred over the full state name. The state symbol should appear on the second last line of the address following the municipality, separated by one space. See "U.S.A. States and Possessions" section for a complete listing.

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# International Addresses

- For mail addressed outside of Canada and the U.S.A., Canada Post's mechanized equipment reads only the name of the country. Therefore, the country name must be spelled correctly.

See "Country Names" for a complete listing and spellings.

- The name of the country must be the last entry on the address. It is placed at the bottom, below the municipality/city name and any postal code/zip code information.

- The name of the country must be spelled in full.

Ex.: GB is not acceptable for Great Britain.

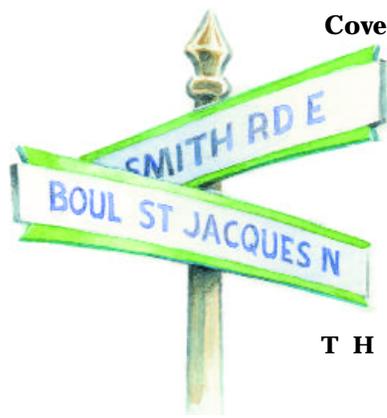
B THOMPSON 35 BRACO ST OTTAWA ON K2L 1B6 CANADA	STAMP
MS JANE JONES RODODENDRONPLEIN 7B 3053 ES ROTTERDAM NETHERLANDS	



# Canada Post Symbols

## STREET TYPES

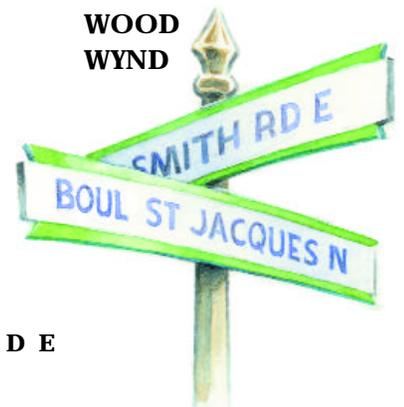
<i>Street Type</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Street Type</i>	<i>Symbol</i>
Abbey	ABBEY	Crescent	CRES
Acres	ACRES	Croissant	CROIS
Allée	ALLÉE	Crossing	CROSS
Alley	ALLEY	Cul-de-sac	CDS
Autoroute	AUT	Dale	DALE
Avenue (English)	AVE	Dell	DELL
Avenue (French)	AV	Diversion	DIVERS
Bay	BAY	Downs	DOWNS
Beach	BEACH	Drive	DR
Bend	BEND	Échangeur	ÉCH
Boulevard (English)	BLVD	End	END
Boulevard (French)	BOUL	Esplanade	ESPL
By-pass	BYPASS	Estates	ESTATE
Byway	BYWAY	Expressway	EXPY
Campus	CAMPUS	Extension	EXTEN
Cape	CAPE	Farm	FARM
Carré	CAR	Field	FIELD
Carrefour	CARREF	Forest	FOREST
Centre (English)	CTR	Freeway	FWY
Centre (French)	C	Front	FRONT
Cercle	CERCLE	Gardens	GDNS
Chase	CHASE	Gate	GATE
Chemin	CH	Glade	GLADE
Circle	CIR	Glen	GLEN
Circuit	CIRCT	Green	GREEN
Close	CLOSE	Grounds	GRNDS
Common	COMMON	Grove	GROVE
Concession	CONC	Harbour	HARBR
Corners	CRNRS	Heath	HEATH
Côte	CÔTE	Heights	HTS
Cour	COUR	Highlands	HGHLDS
Cours	COURS	Highway	HWY
Court	CRT	Hill	HILL
Cove	COVE	Hollow	HOLLOW
		Île	ÎLE
		Impasse	IMP
		Inlet	INLET
		Island	ISLAND



# Canada Post Symbols

## STREET TYPES

<i>Street Type</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Street Type</i>	<i>Symbol</i>
Key	KEY	Ramp	RAMP
Knoll	KNOLL	Rang	RANG
Landing	LANDNG	Range	RG
Lane	LANE	Ridge	RIDGE
Limits	LMTS	Rise	RISE
Line	LINE	Road	RD
Link	LINK	Rond-point	RDPT
Lookout	LKOUT	Route	RTE
Loop	LOOP	Row	ROW
Mall	MALL	Rue	RUE
Manor	MANOR	Ruelle	RLE
Maze	MAZE	Run	RUN
Meadow	MEADOW	Sentier	SENT
Mews	MEWS	Square	SQ
Montée	MONTÉE	Street	ST
Moor	MOOR	Subdivision	SUBDIV
Mount	MOUNT	Terrace	TERR
Mountain	MTN	Terrasse	TSSE
Orchard	ORCH	Thicket	THICK
Parade	PARADE	Towers	TOWERS
Parc	PARC	Townline	TLINE
Park	PK	Trail	TRAIL
Parkway	PKY	Turnabout	TRNABT
Passage	PASS	Vale	VALE
Path	PATH	Via	VIA
Pathway	PTWAY	View	VIEW
Pines	PINES	Village	VILLGE
Place (English)	PL	Villas	VILLAS
Place (French)	PLACE	Vista	VISTA
Plateau	PLAT	Voie	VOIE
Plaza	PLAZA	Walk	WALK
Point	PT	Way	WAY
Pointe	POINTE	Wharf	WHARF
Port	PORT	Wood	WOOD
Private	PVT	Wynd	WYND
Promenade	PROM		
Quai	QUAI		
Quay	QUAY		



# Canada Post Symbols

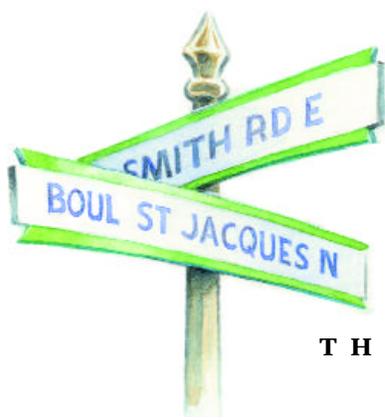
## STREET DIRECTIONS

<i>English</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>Symbol</i>
East	E	Est	E
North	N	Nord	N
Northeast	NE	Nord-est	NE
Northwest	NW	Nord-ouest	NO
South	S	Sud	S
Southeast	SE	Sud-est	SE
Southwest	SW	Sud-ouest	SO
West	W	Ouest	O

## UNIT DESIGNATORS

The following are the most technologically efficient unit designators. In some cases, because of individual preference or other considerations, a mailer may use other unit designators.

<i>English Unit Designator</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>French Unit Designator</i>	<i>Symbol</i>
Apartment	APT	Appartement	APP
Suite	SUITE	Bureau	BUREAU
Unit	UNIT	Unité	UNITÉ



# Canada Post Symbols

## PROVINCE AND TERRITORY SYMBOLS

<i>English Name</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>French Name</i>
<b>Alberta</b>	<b>AB</b>	<b>Alberta</b>
<b>British Columbia</b>	<b>BC</b>	<b>Colombie-Britannique</b>
<b>Manitoba</b>	<b>MB</b>	<b>Manitoba</b>
<b>New Brunswick</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>Nouveau-Brunswick</b>
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>	<b>NL</b>	<b>Terre-Neuve-et-Labrador</b>
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	<b>NS</b>	<b>Nouvelle-Écosse</b>
<b>Northwest Territories</b>	<b>NT</b>	<b>Territoires du Nord-Ouest</b>
<b>Nunavut</b>	<b>NU</b>	<b>Nunavut</b>
<b>Ontario</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>Ontario</b>
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	<b>PE</b>	<b>Île-du-Prince-Édouard</b>
<b>Québec</b>	<b>QC</b>	<b>Québec</b>
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	<b>SK</b>	<b>Saskatchewan</b>
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>YT</b>	<b>Yukon</b>



# Canada Post Symbols

## *U.S.A. STATES AND POSSESSIONS*

<i>State</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Symbol</i>
Alabama	AL	Minnesota	MN
Alaska	AK	Minor Outlying Islands	UM
American Samoa	AS	Mississippi	MS
Arizona	AZ	Missouri	MO
Arkansas	AR	Montana	MT
Armed Forces Atlantic	AA		
Armed Forces Europe	AE	Nebraska	NE
Armed Forces Pacific	AP	Nevada	NV
		New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	CO	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	CT	New York	NY
		North Carolina	NC
Delaware	DE	North Dakota	ND
District of Columbia	DC	North Mariana Islands	MP
Florida	FL	Ohio	OH
		Oklahoma	OK
Georgia	GA	Oregon	OR
Guam	GU		
		Palau	PW
Hawaii	HI	Pennsylvania	PA
		Puerto Rico	PR
Idaho	ID		
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN		
Iowa	IA	South Carolina	SC
		South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS		
Kentucky	KY	Tennessee	TN
		Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA		
		Utah	UT
Maine	ME		
Marshall Islands	MH	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virgin Islands	VI
Massachusetts	MA	Virginia	VA
Michigan	MI		
Micronesia	FM	Washington	WA
		West Virginia	WV
		Wisconsin	WI
		Wyoming	WY



# Country Names

<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>	<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>
Afghanistan	Afghanistan	Cameroon	Cameroun
Albania	Albanie	Cape Verde	Cap-Vert
Algeria	Algérie	Cayman Islands	Îles Caymans
American Samoa	Samoa américaine	Central African Republic	Centrafrique
Andorra	Andorre	Chad	Tchad
Angola	Angola	Chile	Chili
Anguilla	Anguilla	China (People's Republic of)	Chine (République populaire de)
Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua-et-Barbuda	Colombia	Colombie
Argentina	Argentine	Comoros	Comores
Armenia	Arménie	Congo (Democratic Republic of)	Congo (République démocratique du)
Aruba	Aruba	Congo (Republic of)	Congo (République du)
Ascension	Ascension	Costa Rica	Costa Rica
Australia	Australie	Côte d'Ivoire (Republic of)	Côte d'Ivoire (République de)
Austria	Autriche	Croatia	Croatie
Azerbaijan	Azerbaïdjan	Cuba (Republic of)	Cuba (République de)
Bahamas	Bahamas	Cyprus	Chypre
Bahrain	Bahreïn	Czech Republic	République tchèque
Bangladesh	Bangladesh	Denmark	Danemark
Barbados	Barbade	Djibouti	Djibouti
Belarus	Bélarus	Dominica	Dominique
Belgium	Belgique	Dominican Republic	République dominicaine
Belize	Belize	East Timor	Timor-Oriental
Benin	Bénin	Ecuador	Équateur
Bermuda	Bermudes	Egypt	Égypte
Bhutan	Bhoutan	El Salvador	El Salvador
Bolivia (Republic of)	Bolivie (République de)	England	Angleterre
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Bosnie-Herzégovine	Equatorial Guinea	Guinée équatoriale
Botswana	Botswana	Eritrea	Érythrée
Brazil	Brésil	Estonia	Estonie
British Virgin Islands	Îles Vierges britanniques	Ethiopia	Éthiopie
Brunei Darussalam	Brunéi Darussalam	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	Îles Falkland (Malouines)
Bulgaria (Republic of)	Bulgarie (République de)		
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso		
Burundi	Burundi		
Cambodia	Cambodge		



# Country Names

<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>	<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>
Farøe Islands	Îles Féroé	Iraq	Iraq
Fiji	Fidji	Ireland	Irlande
Finland	Finlande	Isle of Man	Île de Man
Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Ex-République yougoslave de Macédoine	Israel	Israël
France	France	Italy	Italie
French Guiana	Guyane française	Jamaica	Jamaïque
French Polynesia	Polynésie française	Japan	Japon
Gabon	Gabon	Jersey	Jersey
Gambia	Gambie	Jordan	Jordanie
Georgia	Géorgie	Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan
Germany	Allemagne	Kenya	Kenya
Ghana (Republic of)	Ghana (République du)	Kiribati	Kiribati
Gibraltar	Gibraltar	Kuwait	Koweït
Great Britain	Grande-Bretagne	Kyrgyzstan	Kirghizistan
Greece	Grèce	Lao People's Democratic Republic	République démocratique populaire lao (Laos)
Greenland	Groenland	Latvia	Lettonie
Grenada	Grenade	Lebanon	Liban
Guadeloupe	Guadeloupe	Lesotho	Lesotho
Guam	Guam	Liberia	Libéria
Guatemala	Guatemala	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya (Socialist People's)	Jamahiriya arabe libyenne (populaire et socialiste)
Guernsey	Guernesey	Liechtenstein	Liechtenstein
Guinea	Guinée	Lithuania	Lituanie
Guinea-Bissau	Guinée-Bissau	Luxembourg	Luxembourg
Guyana	Guyana	Macao	Macao
Haiti	Haïti	Madagascar	Madagascar
Honduras (Republic of)	Honduras (République du)	Malawi	Malawi
Hong Kong	Hongkong	Malaysia	Malaisie
Hungary (Republic of)	Hongrie (République de)	Maldives	Maldives
Iceland	Islande	Mali	Mali
India	Inde	Malta	Malte
Indonesia	Indonésie	Marianna Islands	Îles Mariannes
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Iran (République islamique d')	Marshall Islands	Îles Marshall
		Martinique	Martinique
		Mauritania	Mauritanie
		Mauritius	Maurice
		Mayotte	Mayotte



# Country Names

<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>	<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>
Mexico	Mexique	Poland (Republic of)	Pologne (République de)
Minor Outlying Islands	Îles mineures éloignées	Portugal	Portugal
Moldova	Moldova	Puerto Rico	Porto Rico
Monaco	Monaco	Qatar	Qatar
Mongolia	Mongolie	Reunion Island	Réunion
Montserrat	Montserrat	Romania	Roumanie
Morocco	Maroc	Russian Federation	Fédération de Russie
Mozambique	Mozambique	Rwanda	Rwanda
Myanmar	Myanmar	Saint Christopher (Saint Kitts) and Nevis	Saint-Christophe (Saint-Kitts)-et-Nevis
Namibia	Namibie	Saint Lucia	Sainte-Lucie
Nauru	Nauru	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Saint-Vincent-et-les- Grenadines
Nepal	Népal	Samoa	Samoa
Netherlands	Pays-Bas	Sao Tome and Principe	Sao Tomé-et-Principe
Netherlands Antilles	Antilles néerlandaises	Saudi Arabia	Arabie saoudite
New Caledonia	Nouvelle-Calédonie	Scotland	Écosse
New Zealand	Nouvelle-Zélande	Senegal	Sénégal
Nicaragua	Nicaragua	Seychelles	Seychelles
Niger	Niger	Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone
Nigeria	Nigéria	Singapore	Singapour
Niue Island	Île Nioué	Slovakia	Slovaquie
Norfolk Island	Île Norfolk	Slovenia	Slovénie
North Korea (Democratic People's Republic of Korea)	Corée du Nord (République populaire démocratique de Corée)	Solomon Islands	Îles Salomon
Northern Ireland	Irlande du Nord	Somalia	Somalie
Norway	Norvège	South Africa	Afrique du Sud
Oman	Oman	South Korea (Republic of Korea)	Corée du Sud (République de la Corée)
Pakistan	Pakistan	Spain	Espagne
Palau	Palaos	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka
Panama (Republic of)	Panama (République du)	St. Helena	Sainte-Hélène
Papua New Guinea	Papouasie-Nouvelle-Guinée		
Paraguay	Paraguay		
Peru	Pérou		
Philippines	Philippines		
Pitcairn Islands	Îles Pitcairn		



# Country Names

<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>	<i>English Name</i>	<i>French Name</i>
St. Pierre and Miquelon	Saint-Pierre-et-Miquelon	Turks and Caicos Islands	Îles Turques et Caïques
Sudan	Soudan	Tuvalu	Tuvalu
Suriname	Suriname	Uganda	Ouganda
Swaziland	Swaziland	Ukraine	Ukraine
Sweden	Suède	United Arab Emirates	Émirats arabes unis
Switzerland	Suisse	United States of America	États-Unis d'Amérique
Syrian Arab Republic	République arabe syrienne	Uruguay	Uruguay
Tahiti	Tahiti	Uzbekistan	Ouzbékistan
Taiwan	Taiwan	Vanuatu	Vanuatu
Tajikistan	Tadjikistan	Vatican	Vatican
Tanzania (United Republic of)	Tanzanie (République-Unie de)	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	Venezuela (République bolivarienne du)
Thailand	Thaïlande	Vietnam	Vietnam
Togo	Togo	Virgin Islands (U.S.A.)	Îles Vierges (É.-U.)
Tokelau	Tokelau	Wales	Pays de Galles
Tonga	Tonga	Wallis and Futuna Islands	Îles Wallis-et-Futuna
Trinidad and Tobago	Trinité-et-Tobago	Yemen	Yémen
Tristan da Cunha	Tristan da Cunha	Yugoslavia	Yougoslavie
Tunisia	Tunisie	Zambia	Zambie
Turkey	Turquie	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe
Turkmenistan	Turkménistan		



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